Provisional SB stenting

The big misunderstanding

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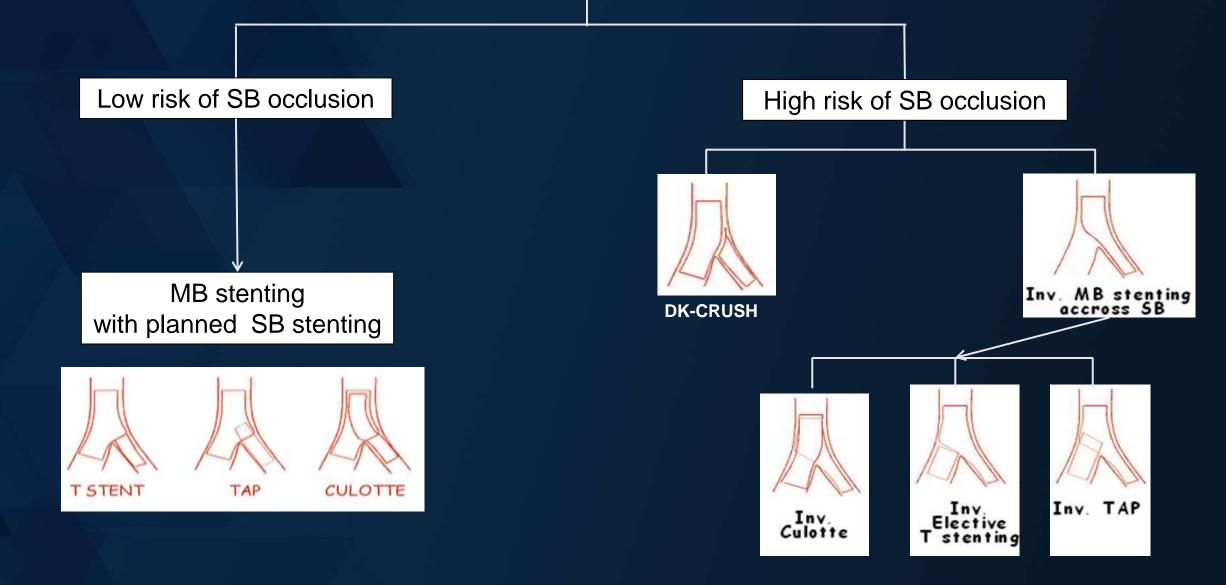
Disclosure

• Proctoring for Abbott, Terumo and Boston





"True" bifurcation with severe SB stenosis > 5-10 mm length

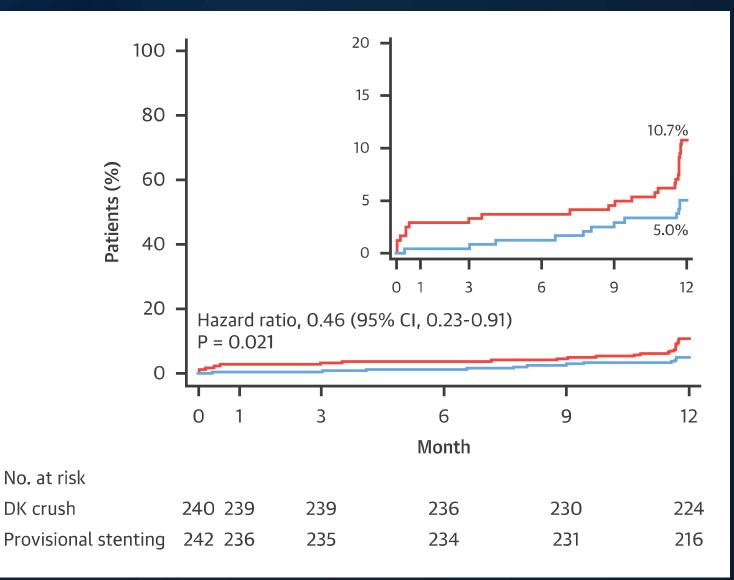


2018 ESC Guidelines

Recommendations on specific lesion subsets

Recommendations	Class ^a	Level ^b	
Stent implantation in the main vessel only, followed by provisional balloon angioplasty with or without stenting of the side branch, is recommended for PCI of bifurcation lesions. ^{654–658}		A	
In true bifurcation lesions of the left main, the double-kissing crush technique may be preferred over provisional T-stenting. ⁶²⁰	IIb	В	

DK Crush-V: TLF



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Chen et al. JACC 2017; 70(21):2605-17

Definition II

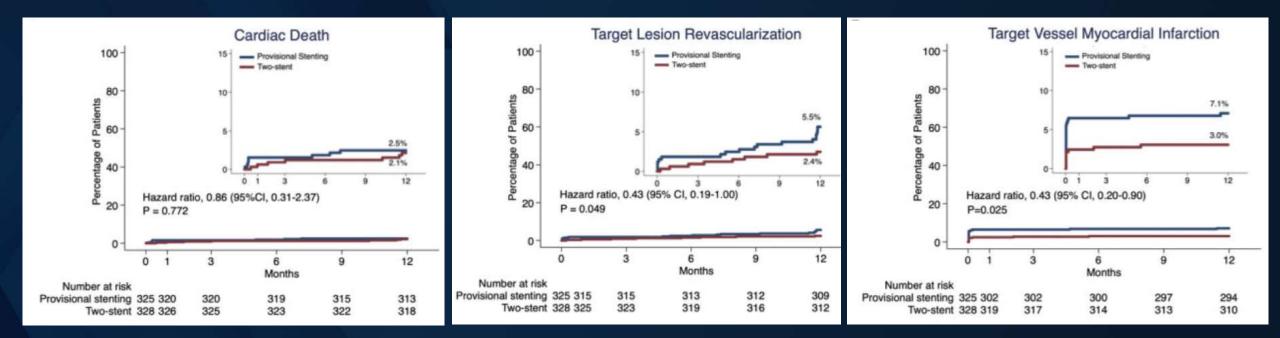
Jun-Jie Zhang (1[†], Fei Ye^{1†}, Kai Xu^{2†}, Jing Kan^{1†}, Ling Tao³, Teguh Santoso⁴, Muhammad Munawar 💿 ⁵, Damras Tresukosol 💿 ⁶, Li Li⁷, Imad Sheiban 💿 ⁸, Feng Li ⁹, Nai-Liang Tian¹⁰, Alfredo E. Rodríguez¹¹, Chotnoparatpat Paiboon¹², Francesco Lavarra¹³, Shu Lu¹⁴, Kitigon Vichairuangthum (15, Hesong Zeng¹⁶, Lianglong Chen¹⁷, Ruiyan Zhang¹⁸, Shiqin Ding¹⁹, Fengtang Gao²⁰, Zening Jin²¹, Lang Hong²², Likun Ma²³, Shangyu Wen²⁴, Xueming Wu²⁵, Song Yang²⁶, Wei-Hsian Yin²⁷, Jun Zhang²⁸, Yan Wang²⁹, Yonghong Zheng³⁰, Lei Zhou³¹, Limin Zhou³², Yuansheng Zhu³³, Tan Xu³⁴, Xin Wang³⁵, Hong Qu³⁶, Yulong Tian³⁷, Song Lin³⁸, Lijun Liu³⁹, Qinghua Lu⁴⁰, Qihua Li⁴¹, Bo Li⁴², Qing Jiang⁴³, Leng Han⁴⁴, Guojun Gan⁴⁵, Mengyue Yu⁴⁶, Defeng Pan⁴⁷, Zhenglu Shang⁴⁸, Yanfang Zhao⁴⁹, Zhizhong Liu⁵⁰, Ye Yuan⁵¹, Cynthia Chen⁵², Gregg W. Stone ⁵³, Yaling Han², and Shao-Liang Chen^{1,54}*

Definition II

De novo coronary bifurcation lesions Medina 111 or 011 SB \geq 2.5mm with at least one major criterion of complex bifurcations <u>> 10 mm</u> \geq 70% for LM or \geq 90% for non LM And 2 minor criteria: Moderate-to-severe calcification **Multiple lesions** Bifurcation angle <45 or >70 Main vessel <2.5mm Thrombus-containing lesions MV lesion length \geq 25mm by visual

Zang et al. EHJ 2020; 70(21):2605-17

Definition II



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Zang et al. EHJ 2020; 70(21):2605-17

Why is DK-Crush becoming more popular ?

✓ DK Crush is better than Crush

✓ Recent studies: DK Crush, Definition II, Metanalysis

✓ Good angiographic results

✓ People like to perform complex procedures ?

Misunderstanding of provisional approach ?

What is **Provisional**?

✓ A wire in each branch

✓ A Stent in the MB sized according to distal reference, POT

✓ Should we do more?

✓ Open the distal strut and Kiss or RePOT

✓ Should we do more?

✓ SB stenting (T, TAP, Culotte), kiss, RePOT

✓ Inverted provisional can be an option

What is DK Crush ?

- ✓ A fixed approach using 2 stents systematically
- Many steps including 3 POTs and 3 Kiss (may increase the risk of mistakes)
- \checkmark 3 layers of stents in the crushed zone
- ✓ Not well adapted to a T shape angulation

Technical Limitations of DK Crush ?



Limitations of the DK Crush V study

- Control of 5 DK-Crush cases for each centre by the steering committee before starting the study. No control and no recommendation for the provisional approach.
- SB lesion length 17<u>+</u>12mm in the provisional group.
 SB stenting in 47%.
- 3. No POT in the provisional group.
- 4. Angiographic F-up before 1 year clinical endpoint in > 70%.

Limitations of the Definition II study

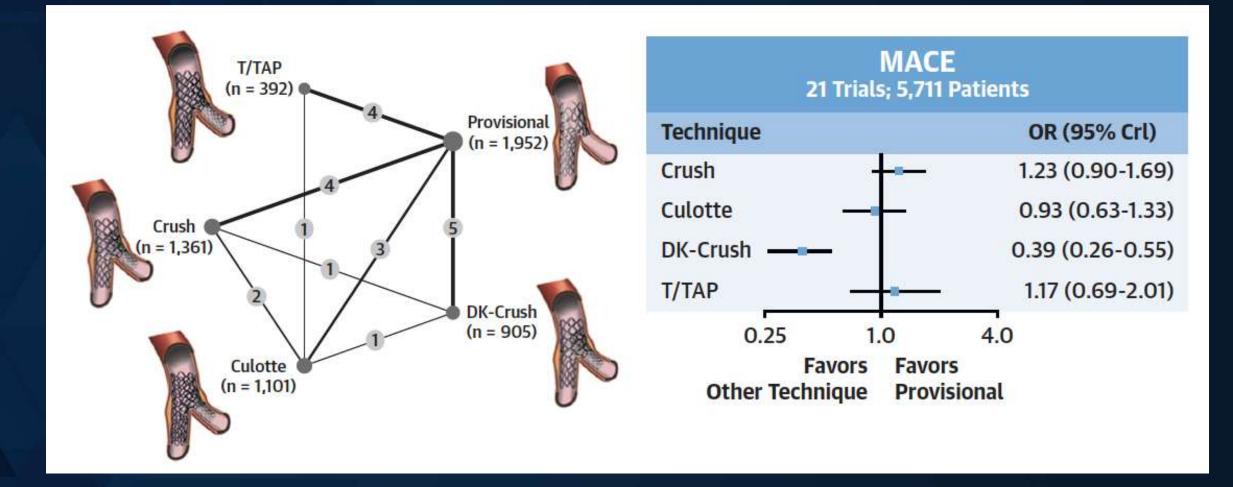
1. The 2 stents tehnique was a Crush in the majority of cases.

2. SB lesion length 20+9 mm in the provisional group, but stenting performed in only 23% of cases.

3. No POT before Kiss in the provisional group, 27% final kiss (vs 3 POT and 2 Kiss in the DK crush group).

4. Angiographic follow-up scheduled 1 month after clinical endpoint, but performed earlier.

Impact of the technique (Network Metanalysis)

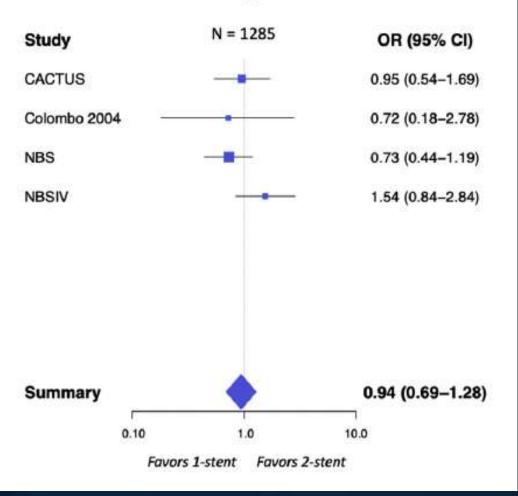


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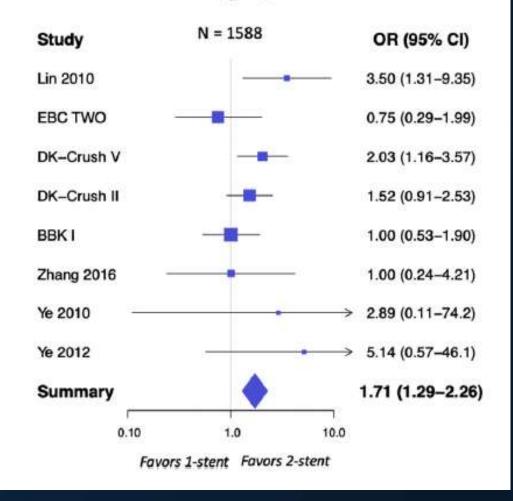
Di Gioai et al. JACC Cardiovasc intrv 2020;13:1432-44

Impact of the technique (Network Metanalysis)

SB lesion length < 10 mm



SB lesion length \geq 10 mm



Di Gioai et al. JACC Cardiovasc intrv 2020;13:1432-44



Conclusion / Take-home Message

When treating complex bifurcation lesions with a relevant SB and a lesion length > 10 mm, a two-stent technique should be used in the majority of cases !

✓ In this type of lesions, the strategy (provisional or inverted provisional vs DK crush) should not be dogmatic and depends on many parameters including the anatomy of the lesion and the operator's experience and knowledge.

 \checkmark In all cases, POT and final kissing balloon inflation is a must.